Contents

List of Figures xiii
List of Tables xxv
Preface xxvii
Acknowledgments xxix
Author xxxi

1. **Introduction** 1
   - 1.1 Why Is Environmental Monitoring? 1
   - 1.2 Environmental Systems, Ecosystems, and Planet Earth 2
   - 1.3 Example 3
   - 1.4 Interactions in the Natural Environment 5
   - 1.5 Human Interactions with the Environment 5
   - 1.6 From Measuring to Knowing: Analysis and Modeling 6
   - 1.7 Continuous Real-Time Monitoring 7
   - 1.8 Data Management and the World Wide Web 7
   - 1.9 Interdisciplinary 8
   - 1.10 Scales 8
   - 1.11 Sampling 9
     - 1.11.1 Detection Limits 9
     - 1.11.2 Rounding Numbers 9
     - 1.11.3 Precision and Accuracy 9
   - 1.12 Ground-Based, Airborne, and Spaceborne Platforms 11
   - 1.13 More on Applications 11
     - 1.13.1 Examples of Programs and Agencies 12

   Supplementary Reading 13
   Exercises 13

Section I **From Sensors to Systems**

2. **Sensors and Transducers: Basic Circuits** 17
   - 2.1 Principles of Electrical Quantities 17
   - 2.2 Circuits: Nodes and Loops 21
   - 2.3 Measuring Voltages, Currents, and Resistances 25
   - 2.4 Sensors 28
   - 2.5 From Sensors to Transducers 29
   - 2.6 Sensor Specifications: Static 29
   - 2.7 Resistive Sensors 30
   - 2.8 Example: From a Light Sensor to a Light Transducer 30
   - 2.9 Example: From Thermistor to Temperature Transducer 39

2.10 Example: Temperature Transducer for Air, Soil, and Water 46
2.11 Example: Thermocouples 49
2.12 Examples: Using Thermocouples 54
Supplementary Reading 54
Exercises 55

3. Sensors and Transducers: Bridge Circuits 57
3.1 Introduction 57
3.2 Balanced Source Voltage Divider 57
3.3 One-Sensor Circuit: Quarter-Bridge 63
3.4 Two-Sensor Circuit: Half-Bridge 64
3.5 Two-Sensor Having Opposite Effect: Half-Bridge 65
3.6 Four Sensor Circuit: Full Bridge 66
3.7 Zero Adjust and Range Adjust 69
3.8 Sensor Specifications 69
3.9 Electrochemical Sensors 71
3.10 Example: Dynamic Specifications and a Potentiometer-Based Wind Direction 74
3.11 Dielectric Properties 74
3.12 Example: Piezoelectric Sensors 76
3.13 Example: Soil Tensiometer 76
Exercises 77

4. Signal Conditioning and Analog-to-Digital Converters 79
4.1 Introduction 79
4.2 Operational Amplifiers 79
4.3 Linearization of the Bridge Circuit Output 82
4.4 Common-Mode Rejection 83
4.5 Instrumentation Amplifier 84
4.6 Spectrum 85
4.7 Noise 86
4.8 Electric Field and Electrostatic Shielding 87
4.9 Isolation 89
4.10 Cold-Junction Compensation 89
4.11 Analog-to-Digital Converter 90
4.12 Current Loop: 4–20 mA 92
4.13 Pulse Sensors 94
Exercises 95

5. Data Acquisition Systems 97
5.1 Introduction 97
5.2 Dataloggers 97
5.3 Applications in Environmental Monitoring 99
5.4 Analog Channels 99
5.5 Real-Time Clock 100

5.6 Communications with a Datalogger 102
5.6.1 Baud Rate and Serial Communication 102
5.6.2 Data, Parity, and Stop (D/P/S) Bits 102
5.7 RS-232 Standard 103
5.8 SDI-12 106
5.9 Conditions and Enclosures 106
5.10 Datalogger Example: CR1000 108
5.11 VoltSE 113
5.12 VoltDiff 113
5.13 BrHalf 113
5.14 BrFull 114
5.15 PulseCount 114
5.16 Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition 117
Exercises 117

6. Single-Board Computers and Microcontrollers 119
6.1 Introduction 119
6.2 Computer Organization and Architecture 119
6.3 Single-Board Computers 120
6.4 ARM Architectures 121
6.5 SBC Based on ARM Processor: Example 121
6.6 System on a Chip 121
6.7 SBC Example: Raspberry Pi 122
6.8 Microcontrollers 123
6.9 MCU Example 125
6.10 In-Circuit Serial Programming 125
6.11 MCU-Based SBC Example: Arduino 126
6.12 Comparing SBCs: TS-7400, Raspberry Pi, Arduino Uno 127
6.13 MCUs as DAS 128
6.14 Example: Arduino Programming 129
6.15 Example: Using Flash Memory for Datalogging with Arduino 133
6.16 Example: Using a Datalogger Shield for Arduino 136
6.17 Example MCU-Based SBC 137
Exercises 138

7. Wireless Technologies and Telemetry 139
7.1 Introduction 139
7.2 Wave Concepts 139
7.3 Radio Wave Spectrum 140
7.4 Radio Wave Propagation 141
7.5 Propagation Models 143
7.5.1 Free-Space Propagation Model 143
7.5.2 Two-Ray Propagation Model 145
7.6 Phase Shift 146

7.7 Fresnel Zones 147
7.8 Absorption 148
7.9 Radio Frequency Cables 148
7.10 Power in dBm 149
7.11 Antennas 149
7.12 Fade Margin 150
7.13 Polarization 151
7.14 Modulation: Digital Signals 151
7.15 Multiplexing 152
7.16 Spread Spectrum 153
7.17 Wi-Fi 153
7.18 Example: Low-Cost Wi-Fi Radio 154
7.19 Example: Establishing a Wi-Fi Link to Connect a Weather Station to the Internet 155
7.20 Cellular Phone Network 157
7.21 Argos 158
Exercises 158

8. Wireless Sensor Networks 159
8.1 Introduction 159
8.2 WSN Nodes 159
8.2.1 Example of a Two-Module Sensor Node: Crossbow IRIS and MDA 162
8.2.2 Example of an Integrated Sensor Node: Moteinos 163
8.3 Networks: OSI Model 163
8.4 Media Access Control 164
8.5 Multihop Wireless Communication 164
8.6 Network Protocol for Environmental Monitoring 165
8.7 Radio Propagation and WSN 166
8.8 Example of Radio Propagation Experiments 167
8.9 Example: WSN for Soil Moisture in a Hardwood Bottomland Forest 168
8.10 WSN: Energy Scavenging 172
Exercises 173

9. Power 175
9.1 Introduction 175
9.2 Photovoltaic 175
9.3 Solar Radiation and Efficiency 177
9.4 Solar Cell Model 179
9.5 From Cell to Module 186
9.6 Shading and Bypass Diode 187
9.7 Load and Power 188